



Bill of Rights - the Limitations on Government

1. Our basic rights include freedom of _____, _____, press, _____, petition.
2. "The right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be _____."
3. Citizens do not have to "quarter" soldiers in their _____.
4. Citizens are protected against _____ search or seizure.

Amendments 5 – 8 Establish Justice



5. Amendment five lists the _____ of a person accused of a crime.
6. People who are accused of a crime have a right to a _____ and public trial by an impartial _____.
7. In civil law _____, people have a right to a _____ by jury.
8. Reasonable _____ shall be required and no cruel or unusual punishment allowed.

Amendments 9-10, 16 and 17



9. Unalienable _____ not specifically enumerated (listed) in the Constitution are to be "retained by the _____."
10. The _____ not delegated to the United States by the Constitution are reserved to the _____ or to the people.
11. Sixteen eliminated the uniform collection of federal funds from the states and replace it with a personal _____ taxes.
12. Seventeen increased federal power over states by allowing the Senators to be _____ by the people.



Bill of Rights - the Limitations on Government

1. Our basic rights include freedom of religion, speech, press, assembly petition.
2. “The right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.”
3. Citizens do not have to “quarter” soldiers in their homes.
4. Citizens are protected against unreasonable search or seizure.

Amendments 5 – 8 Establish Justice



5. Amendment five lists the rights of a person accused of a crime.
6. People who are accused of a crime have a right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury.
7. In civil law suits, people have a right to a trial by jury.
8. Reasonable bail shall be required and no cruel or unusual punishment allowed.

Amendments 9-10, 16 and 17



9. Unalienable rights not specifically enumerated (listed) in the Constitution are to be "retained by the people."
10. The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution are reserved to the states or to the people.
11. Sixteen eliminated the uniform collection of federal funds from the states and replace it with a personal income taxes.
12. Seventeen increased federal power over states by allowing the Senators to be elected by the people.